







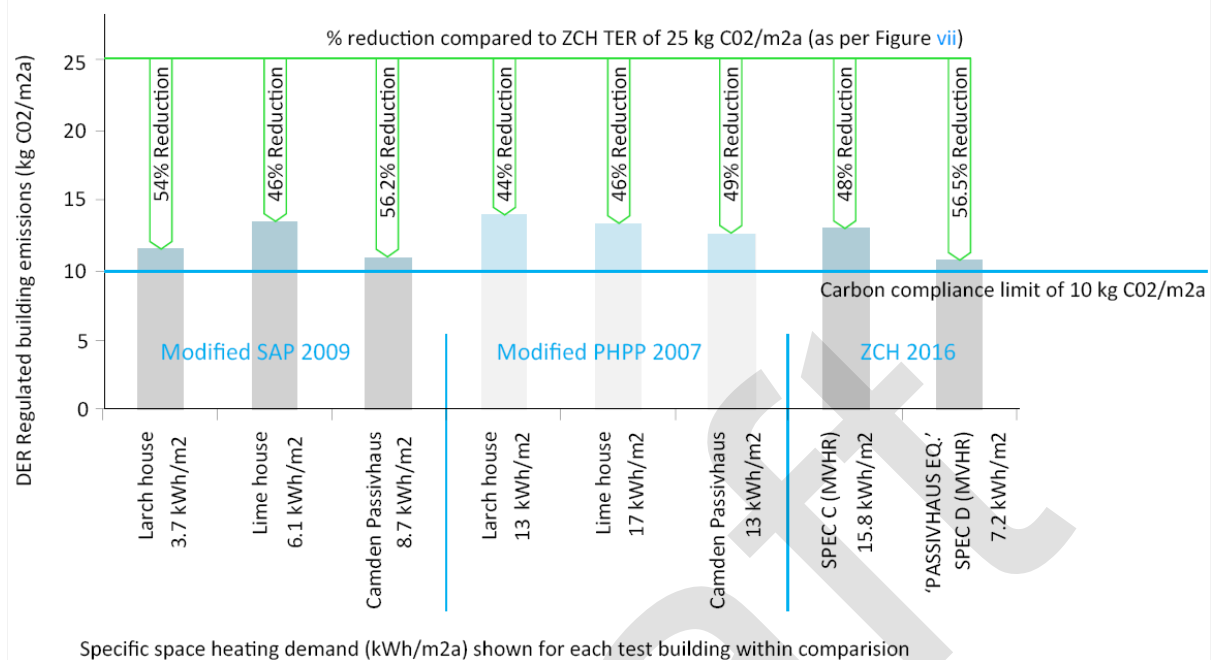




## 4.0 Results ...notes to be populated and expanded...

### 4.1 DER output

Chart comparing SAP 2009 and PHPP 2007 Dwelling Emission Rate outputs for each of the sample buildings with two FEES compliant building fabric specifications from the ZCH 2016 report.

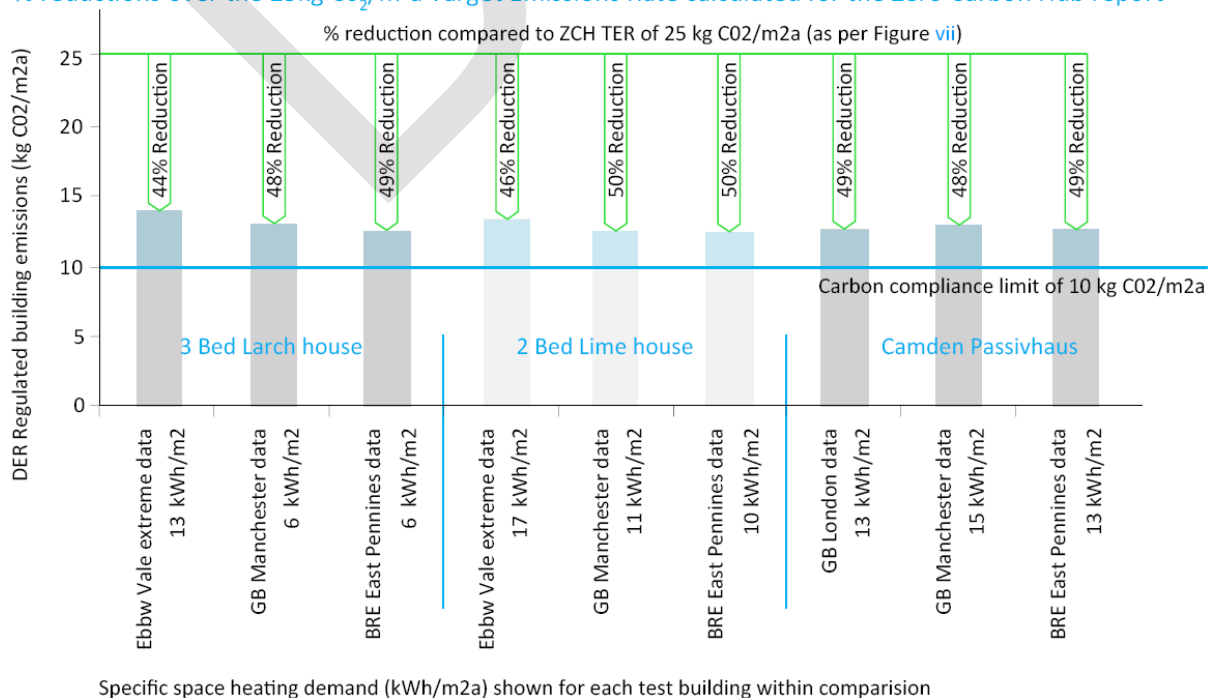


### 4.2 Regional Variation

To test implication of regional weather data.

Reference to BRE data download page "Global radiation and temperature values can be very site specific, as a result the PHPP outputs can differ for sites which have extreme exposures such as very dense urban, highly exposed or height above sea level compared to the default data sets for the region. This could affect the heating and cooling load results significantly." <sup>6</sup>

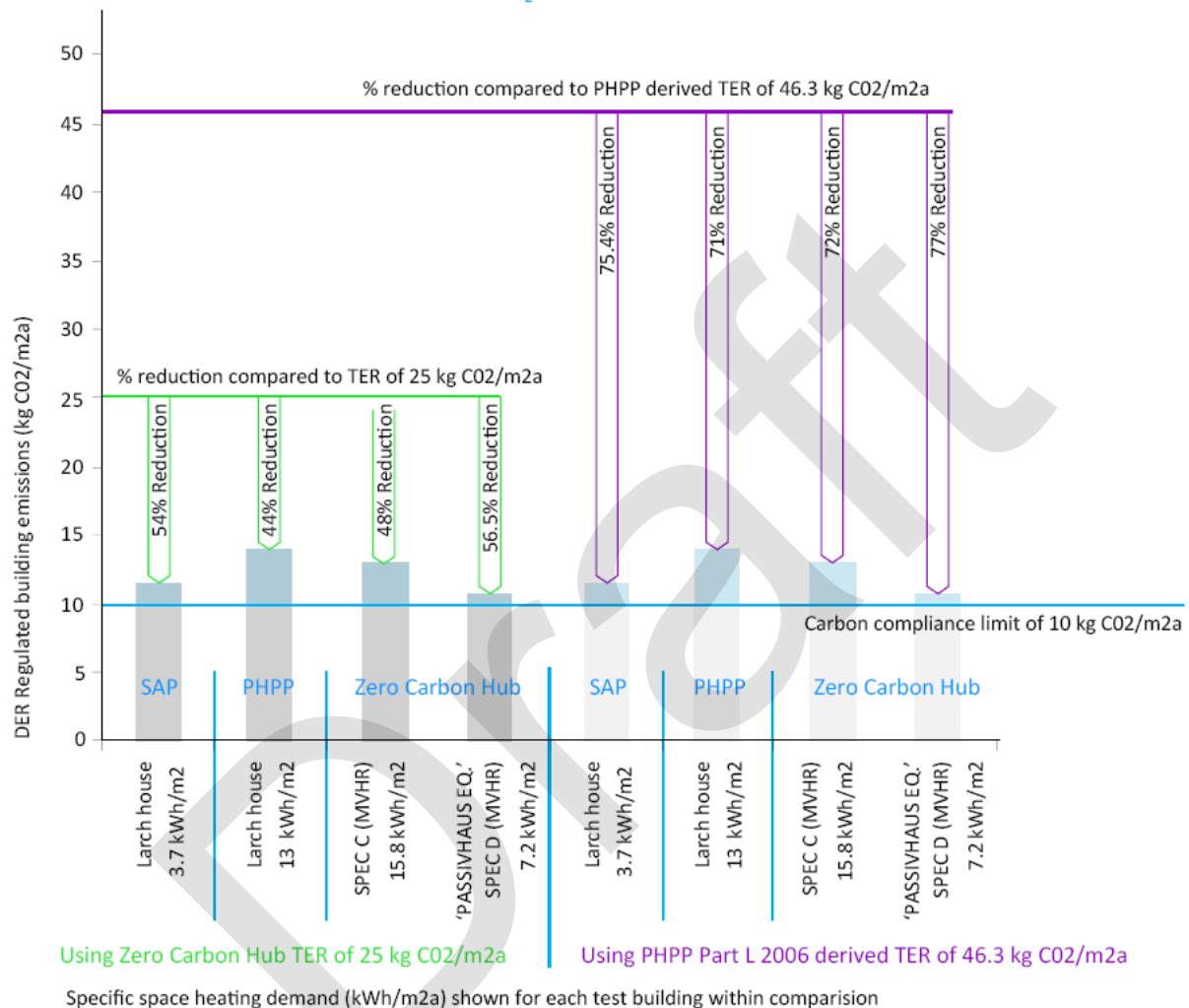
Chart showing impact of regional weather data on DER outputs from PHPP 2007 - with associated % reductions over the 25kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a Target Emissions Rate calculated for the Zero Carbon Hub report



#### 4.3. Creation of a 2006 Part L equivalent building in PHPP

The outputs in steps 4.1 and 4.2 show a clear range of percentage improvements of PHPP outputs of 44-50% even taking into account regional differences. However whilst the figures for  $\text{CO}_2/\text{m}^2\text{a}$  remain absolute, the 2006 Part L base figure (from which the percentage improvements are calculated) was established using SAP. The following exercise aims to calculate an equivalent TER building in PHPP, and compare all PHPP results to this figure. See Appendix B for full workings

Chart illustrating % reduction over Target Emission Rates for a 2006 Part L building modelled in PHPP, as compared with a TER of  $25\text{kg CO}_2/\text{m}^2\text{a}$  calculated for the Zero Carbon Hub report



#### 5.0 Analysis, 6.0 Conclusion ...to be populated....

...Initial findings and recommendations (to be expanded)

- DER results between SAP, PHPP and ZCH report are surprisingly similar, suggesting that from this limited data set the ZCH modelling of the detached 'SPEC D' PH equivalent dwelling was indeed a good representation of a Passivhaus.
- Regional variation – ie the same building placed in different weather data produces significant enough an effect on the overall  $\text{CO}_2/\text{space heat demand}$  for the report to recommend regional variation being accounted for within the Carbon Compliance calculation.
- The amount of confusion generated from the research and discussion of percentage improvements over TER figures was such that any future work by bere:architects is unlikely to refer to them. The report will show examples to support the ZCH recommendation for the adoption of absolute figures in place of relative improvements. Calls will be made for this to be incorporated as early as possible – the earliest date realistically being the 2013 Part L review.
- Comparing space heating demand  $\text{kWh}/\text{m}^2\text{a}$  figures and DER  $\text{kg CO}_2/\text{m}^2$  on the same graph has allowed for simpler correlations to be drawn between results than if two separate graphs were used.

- Regardless of scenario/ modelling protocol, the Certified Passivhaus dwellings typically range have between 11 and 14kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>. Although the report does not intend to express a stance on the use of LZC technology, it will be acknowledged
- It is of key importance that the Government adopts the ZCH recommendation for built performance targets as opposed to as designed targets.
- Although the creation of a 2006 Part L equivalent building in PHPP may be considered by some as 'comparing Apples with Pears' it is felt that the exercise highlights the potential underestimation of regulated emissions for past and current building regulations standard construction.

## Appendix A – SAP Calculations

Calculations for Figure iv

Input data from Page 50 of ZCH "Defining a Fabric Energy Efficiency Standard for zero carbon homes", Appendix A Work Group 1 Form and Fabric (2009).

Carbon intensity factors from ZCH as per Figure ii

Baseline Page 50 Detached house form fabric final						
As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors						
kWh/m2						
Space heating	61.5	x	0.227	13.9605		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	1.5	x	0.527	0.7905		
Lighting	6.5	x	0.527	3.4255		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>22.5122</b>	If TER = 25....	10.0%
Total	88.6					
SPEC A (NV) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final						
As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors						
kWh/m2						
Space heating	49.7	x	0.227	11.2819		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	1.5	x	0.527	0.7905		
Lighting	3.8	x	0.527	2.0026		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>18.4107</b>	If TER = 25....	26.4%
Total	74.1					
SPEC B (NV) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final						
As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors						
kWh/m2						
Space heating	40.7	x	0.227	9.2389		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	1.5	x	0.527	0.7905		
Lighting	3.8	x	0.527	2.0026		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>16.3677</b>	If TER = 25....	34.5%
Total	65.1					
SPEC B (MVHR) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final						
As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors						
kWh/m2						
Space heating	30.5	x	0.227	6.9235		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		



Pumps & fans	5.8	x	0.527	3.0566		
Lighting	3.8	x	0.527	2.0026		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>16.3184</b>	If TER = 25....	34.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>59.2</b>					

**SPEC C (NV) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final****As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors**

kWh/m2

Space heating	30.2	x	0.227	6.8554		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	1.5	x	0.527	0.7905		
Lighting	3.8	x	0.527	2.0026		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>13.9842</b>	If TER = 25....	44.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>54.6</b>					

**Spec C (MVHR) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final****As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors**

kWh/m2

Space heating	15.8	x	0.227	3.5866		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	5.8	x	0.527	3.0566		
Lighting	3.9	x	0.527	2.0553		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>13.0342</b>	If TER = 25....	47.9%
<b>Total</b>	<b>44.6</b>					

**Spec D (MVHR) Page 50 Detached house form fabric final****As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors**

kWh/m2

Space heating	7.2	x	0.227	1.6344		
Hot Water	19.1	x	0.227	4.3357		
Pumps & fans	5.4	x	0.527	2.8458		
Lighting	3.9	x	0.527	2.0553		percentage improvement
			<b>DER</b>	<b>10.8712</b>	If TER = 25....	56.5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>35.6</b>					

Calculations for SAP DER outputs – adjusted to take into account Carbon emissions factors

Input data from Brooks Devlin, SAP worksheets to follow

Carbon emission factors from ZCH as per Figure ii

3 Bed Larch house				Area	99	3 Bed Larch house			
SAP	As prepared by Brooks Devlin					SAP	As adjusted to ZCH carbon emissions factors		
Space heat	372.58	x	0.198	73.7708	372.58	x	0.227	84.57566	
water heat	2749.82	x	0.198	544.464	2749.8	x	0.227	624.20914	
pump fan etc	393.97	x	0.517	203.682	393.97	x	0.527	207.62219	



TER	=	18.86	TER	=	18.86	If TER is (Y1	42.0%
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## Appendix B – PHPP Calculations

Calculations to removing unregulated emissions from all PHPP worksheets and to insert ZCH carbon emissions factors

Worksheet	Cell Range	Description	Adjustment	Units	Notes
Solar DHW	F11:F18	Selection of collector for solar DHW	Values cleared	N/A	Removal of solar thermal collectors - to demonstrate performance of fabric without addition of LZC technology
	F27,F33	Secondary Calculation of Storage Losses	Values cleared	N/A	No solar collectors - storage losses related to solar storage tank no longer relevant
Electricity	D11:F21, D24:F25	Usage for cooking, electronics, appliances etc (Binary Selection)	Values changed to "0"	N/A	Note: All lighting left unchanged (Row 23) as the lighting detailed on these projects is fixed and therefore part of regulated emissions
Aux Electricity	F30	Electricity for solar DHW pump (Binary Selection)	Value changed to "0"	N/A	Electricity use for solar DHW pump no longer relevant
PE Value	F107	Planned Annual Electricity Generation (Solar PV)	Value cleared	kWh	PV array removed for clarity (calculation is actually separate, meaning this step is not strictly necessary)
Data	E6	Natural gas, CO <sub>2</sub> -equivalent emission factor	Value changed to "0.227"	kg/kWh Final	Emission factor adjusted to align with ZCH calculation, as per ZCH 'Modelling_2016_using_SAP_2009_Technical_Guide'
	E10	Electricity-mix, CO <sub>2</sub> -equivalent emission factor	Value changed to "0.527"	kg/kWh Final	Emission factor adjusted to align with ZCH calculation, as per ZCH 'Modelling_2016_using_SAP_2009_Technical_Guide'

PHPP and SAP outputs for main calculations

### Larch House



### Lime House



### Camden Passivhaus



Carbon compliance result using results from PHPP (Target for 'Zero Carbon Compliance' 10kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>)

**14.0 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

**13.5 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

**12.7 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

Equivalent % improvement over TER of 25 kg CO<sub>2(eq)</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a (Target 60%)

**44% improvement**

**46% improvement**

**49% improvement**

Carbon compliance using results from SAP (Target for 'Zero Carbon Compliance' 10kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>)

**11.4 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

**13.6 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

**10.9 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a**

Equivalent % improvement using TER of 25 kg CO<sub>2(eq)</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a (Target 60%)

**54% improvement**

**46% improvement**




**56% improvement**




Equivalent % improvement over TER individually calculated for each project (as per SAP convention)

TER of 19.32 CO<sub>2(eq)</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a

TER of 20.57 CO<sub>2(eq)</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a

TER of 18.86 CO<sub>2(eq)</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a

41% improvement	34% improvement	42% improvement
Regional Variation		
Larch House	Lime House	Camden Passivhaus
		
Decrease of 1.0 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in Manchester weather data ↓	Decrease of 0.9 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in Manchester weather data ↓	Increase of 0.1 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in Manchester weather data ↑
Carbon compliance result using 'average climate' (East Pennines) - Target for detached house 10kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup>		
<b>13.0kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>	<b>12.6kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>	<b>13.0kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>
Equivalent percentage improvement over 2006 Part L - Target for detached house 60% improvement		
<b>48% improvement</b>	<b>50% improvement</b>	<b>48% improvement</b>

Larch House	Lime House	Camden Passivhaus
		
Decrease of 1.2 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in East Pennines weather data ↓	Decrease of 1.0 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in East Pennines weather data ↓	Increase of 0.1 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> a in East Pennines weather data ↑
Carbon compliance result using 'average climate' (East Pennines) - Target for detached house 10kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup>		
<b>12.8kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>	<b>12.5kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>	<b>12.8kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>a</b>
Equivalent percentage improvement over 2006 Part L - Target for detached house 60% improvement		
<b>49% improvement</b>	<b>50% improvement</b>	<b>49% improvement</b>

Calculations to create a PHPP 2006 TER equivalent for the 3 bed Larch house  
 Achieved by modelling to 2006 Part L fabric regulations, - planned extension exercise to model an equivalent 2006 TER as per Notional building specifications.

#### Certified Larch house

Element	Build up of thermal envelope from interior to exterior.	Thickness (mm)	U value W/(m <sup>2</sup> k)
Floor slab	Flooring	20	<b>0.076</b>
	Screed	75	
	Concrete	225	
	Floormate 500-A	480	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>800</b>	
Exterior Walls	Plasterboard	15	<b>0.095</b>
	Timber studs wood fibre ins.	100	
	OSB	18	
	Timber studs w/ frame ins.	225	

#### Reductions to create Part L 2006 equivalent

Build up of thermal envelope from interior to exterior.	Reduced build up (mm)	Resulting U value W/(m <sup>2</sup> k)
Flooring	20	<b>0.250</b>
Screed	75	
Concrete	225	
Floormate 500-A	<b>80</b>	
<b>Total</b>	<b>400</b>	
Plasterboard	15	<b>0.350</b>
Air gap	<b>25</b>	
Timber studs w/ frame ins.	<b>104</b>	

	Panelvent	9	
	Wood fibre insulation	100	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>467</b>	
<b>Roof</b>	OSB	18	
	Timber truss w/ frame ins.	560	<b>0.074</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>578</b>	
<b>Exterior wall behind kitchen unit</b>	Plasterboard	15	
	Softwood panel	20	
	Timber studs w/ fibre ins.	75	
	OSB	18	
	Timber studs w/ frame ins.	225	<b>0.098</b>
	OSB	15	
	Wood fibre insulation	100	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>468</b>	
Thermal envelope	343.29m <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Window U-values</b>	0.8 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)		
<b>Window shading</b>	Window reveal depth ranging from 0.30-0.32m		
<b>LZC technology</b>	4.7 kWp PV array, flat panel solar thermal collector		
<b>Airtightness</b>	Q <sub>50</sub> Air permeability 0.24m <sup>3</sup> /(hm <sup>2</sup> )	n <sub>50</sub> Air changes 0.23 h <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Space heating demand</b>	13 kWh/m <sup>2</sup> a		
<b>CO<sub>2</sub> emissions factors</b>	Natural gas 0.25	Electricity Mix 0.68	
<b>Ventilation</b>	MVHR, Passivhaus certified, 85% efficiency		

	OSB	18	
<b>Total</b>	<b>OSB</b>	<b>162</b>	
	OSB	18	
	Timber truss w/ frame ins.	185	<b>0.250</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>OSB</b>	<b>203</b>	
	Plasterboard	15	
	<b>Air gap</b>	<b>25</b>	
	Timber studs w/ frame ins.	104	<b>0.350</b>
	OSB	18	
<b>Total</b>	<b>OSB</b>	<b>162</b>	
Thermal envelope after fabric reductions (as above)	294.39 m <sup>2</sup>		
<b>Window U-values</b>	2.2 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)		
<b>Window shading</b>	Reveal depths reduced by 0.2m		
<b>LZC technology</b>	Removed from calculation		
<b>Airtightness</b>	Q <sub>50</sub> Permeability 10m <sup>3</sup> /(hm <sup>2</sup> )	n <sub>50</sub> Air changes 10.55 h <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>Resulting space heating demand</b>	155 kWh/m <sup>2</sup> a		
<b>CO<sub>2</sub> emissions factors</b>	Natural gas 0.227	Electricity Mix 0.527	
<b>Ventilation</b>	Extract only no heat recovery		